

# Load Balancing Apache Web Servers with OWASP Top 10 WAF in Azure

## Quick Reference Guide

v1.0.2

### ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This document provides a quick reference guide on how to load balance Apache Web Servers and configure a WAF using the Enterprise Azure Loadbalancer.org Azure cloud appliance.

- The WAF addresses the OWASP Top 10 vulnerabilities and is very quick and simple to deploy
- SSL offload is handled by STunnel, HAProxy handles back-end server re-encryption

### RELATED DOCUMENTATION

For additional information about the Loadbalancer.org Azure Appliance, please also refer to the following documents:

- [Administration Manual](#)
- [Azure Quick Start Guide](#)

### LOAD BALANCED PORTS

Port	Use	Transport Layer Protocol
80	HTTP	TCP
443	HTTPS	TCP

### AZURE NETWORK SECURITY GROUP INBOUND RULES

The following inbound rules must be configured in your Network Security Group:

- For Management: TCP 22 (SSH), TCP 9443 (Appliance WebUI), 7777 (HAProxy Stats page)
- For Apache services: TCP 80 (HTTP), TCP 443 (HTTPS)

### LOAD BALANCER CONFIGURATION

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## DEPLOY THE LOADBALANCER.ORG AZURE APPLIANCE

1. Deploy an Azure Loadbalancer.org appliance as detailed in the [Quick Start Guide](#)

**Note:**

Please make sure that you enable IP Forwarding. In the Azure Management Portal, select the Virtual Machines option, click on the newly deployed Load Balancer VM, click on Network interfaces and then select the network interface attached to the load balancer, then click IP configurations and ensure that IP forwarding is **Enabled**.

## ACCESSING THE APPLIANCE WEBUI

Using a browser, navigate to the Public DNS name or Public IP address on port 9443 , i.e.

**https://<Public DNS name>:9443**

or

**https://<Public IP address>:9443**

You'll receive a warning about the certificate as it's a self signed cert not related to an Internet based CA. Confirm you want to continue and a login prompt will be displayed. Use the following default credentials:

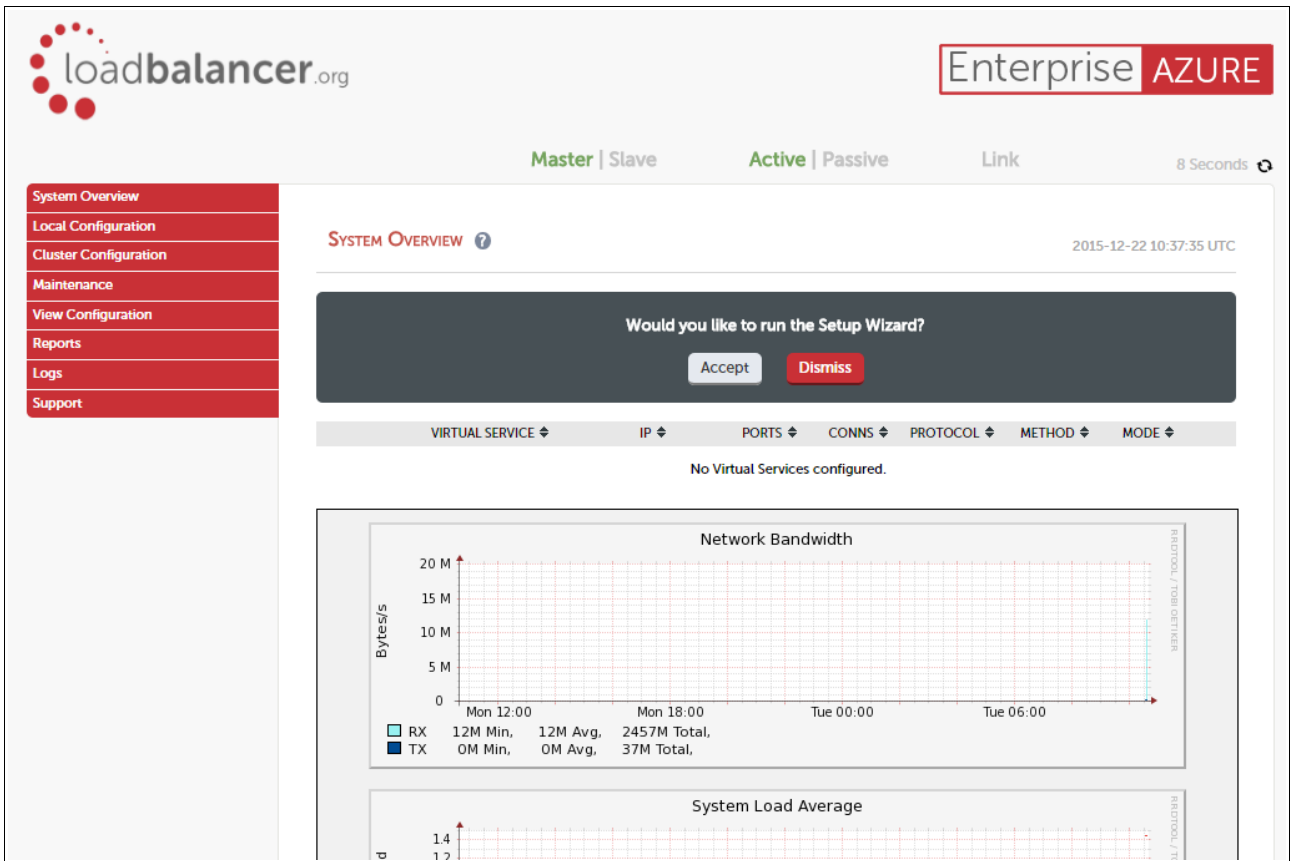
**Username:** loadbalancer

**Password:** loadbalancer

**Note:**

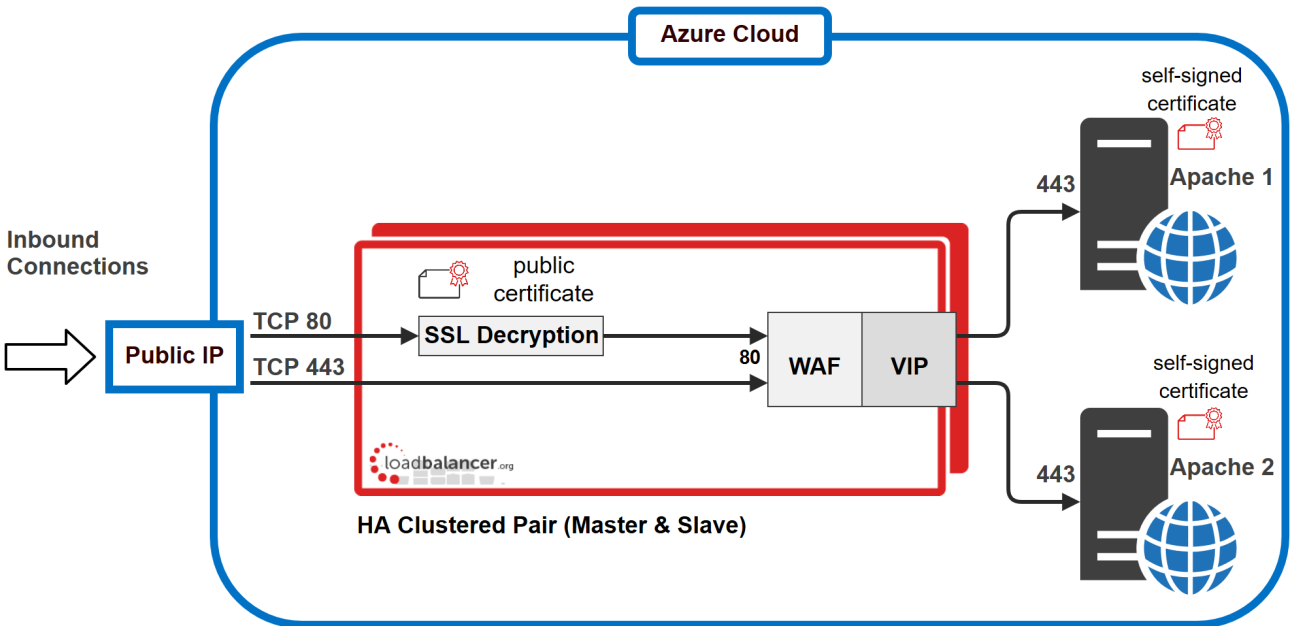
To change the password for the 'loadbalancer' account, use the WebUI option: *Maintenance > Passwords*.

Once logged in, the WebUI is displayed:



## CONFIGURATION DIAGRAM

The diagram below shows how the system is configured.



## CONFIGURE THE VIRTUAL SERVICE (VIP)

1. Using the WebUI, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 – Virtual Services* and click **Add a New Virtual Service**
2. Enter the following details:

Label	<input type="text" value="Web1"/>	?
Virtual Service	IP Address <input type="text" value="10.0.0.125"/>	?
	Ports <input type="text" value="80"/>	?
Layer 7 Protocol	<input type="text" value="HTTP Mode"/>	?
Manual Configuration	<input type="checkbox"/>	?
		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/>

3. Enter the required *Label* (name) for the VIP, e.g. **Web1**
4. Set the *Virtual Service IP Address* field to an appropriate value, e.g. **10.0.0.125**
5. Set the *Virtual Service Ports* field to the required port, e.g. **80**
6. Leave *Layer 7 Protocol* set to **HTTP Mode**
7. Click **Update**

## DEFINE THE REAL (APACHE) SERVERS

1. Using the WebUI, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 – Real Servers* and click **Add a new Real Server** next to the newly created VIP
2. Enter the following details:

Label	<input type="text" value="Apache1"/>	?
Real Server IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.150"/>	?
Real Server Port	<input type="text"/>	?
Re-Encrypt to Backend	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	?
Weight	<input type="text" value="100"/>	?
		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Update"/>

3. Enter an appropriate label for the Real Server , e.g. **Apache1**
4. Set the *Real Server IP Address* field to the required address, e.g. **10.0.0.150**
5. Leave the *Real Server Port* field blank
6. Enable (check) **Re-Encrypt to Backend**
7. Click **Update**
8. Repeat the above steps to add your other Apache server(s)

## UPLOAD THE PUBLIC SSL CERTIFICATE

1. Using the WebUI, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > SSL Certificate* and click **Add a New SSL Certificate**
2. Select **Upload prepared PEM/PFX file**
3. Enter the following details:

I would like to:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Upload prepared PEM/PFX file	?
	<input type="radio"/> Create A New SSL Certificate (CSR)	
Label	<input type="text" value="Cert1"/>	?
File to upload	<input type="button" value="Choose file"/> cert1.pfx	?
PFX File Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	?
<input type="button" value="Add Certificate"/>		

4. Specify and Label (name) for the certificate, e.g. **Cert1**
5. Click **Choose File** and browse to and select the relevant PFX or PEM file
6. Enter the *PFX file Password*
7. Click **Add Certificate**

## CONFIGURE THE STUNNEL VIRTUAL SERVICE (VIP)

STunnel is used to terminate SSL on the load balancer.

1. Using the WebUI, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > SSL Termination* and click **Add a New Virtual Service**
2. Enter the following details:

Label	<input type="text" value="SSL1"/>	?
SSL Certificate	<input type="text" value="Cert1"/>	?
Virtual Service IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.125"/>	?
Virtual Service Port	<input type="text" value="443"/>	?
Backend Virtual Service IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.0.0.125"/>	?
Backend Virtual Service Port	<input type="text" value="80"/>	?
Ciphers to use	<input type="text" value="ECDHE-RSA-RC4-SHA:ECDHE-RSA-AI"/>	?

3. Enter the required *Label* (name) for the Virtual Service, e.g. **SSL1**
4. Select the required certificate in the *SSL Certificate* drop-down
5. Set the *Virtual Service IP address* to be the same as the VIP created previously, e.g. **10.0.0.125**
6. Set the *Virtual Service Port* field to **443**
7. Set the *Backend Virtual Service IP address* to be the same as the VIP created previously, e.g.

### 10.0.0.125

8. Set the *Backend Virtual Service Port* field to **80**
9. The other settings can typically be left at their default values
10. Click **Update**

## CONFIGURE THE WAF

1. Using the WebUI, navigate to: *Cluster Configuration > WAF – Gateway* and click **Add a New WAF Gateway**
2. Enter the following details:

Select Layer 7 Virtual Service	Web1	?
WAF Label	WAF1	?
Rule Engine Traffic Blocking	<input type="checkbox"/>	?
Process Request Data	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	?
Process Response Data	<input type="checkbox"/>	?
Inbound Anomaly Score	5	?
Outbound Anomaly Score	5	?
Audit Mode	<input type="checkbox"/>	?

**Cancel** **Update**

3. Select the VIP created previously, e.g. **Web1**
4. Specify a suitable *WAF label* (name), e.g. **WAF1**
5. Leave *Rule Engine Traffic Blocking* unchecked for now

#### Note:

While disabled, this option ensures that the ModSecurity Rule Engine logs any critical errors. You should leave the WAF in this mode until you are confident that the error logs are not showing false positives. Once you are confident you can enable this mode and the WAF will start blocking any malicious requests with a 403 Forbidden response.

6. Click **Update**

## APPLY THE NEW SETTINGS

1. Once the configuration is complete, use the **Reload HAProxy**, **Restart STunnel** and **Reload WAF** buttons at the top of the screen to commit the changes.

## TESTING

The load balanced Apache Web Servers should now be accessible on ports 80 & 443 using the Public IP address or corresponding public DNS name.

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## LOGGING CLIENT SOURCE IP ADDRESSES IN APACHE

The Apache service on a web server can be configured to store the value of X-Forwarded-For headers for incoming web traffic. These headers are added by default by the load balancer. This allows upstream servers and network devices to see the real source IP addresses of clients, even though the load balancer is acting as a proxy.

For full details on how to configure Apache for this, see our blog post:

<https://www.loadbalancer.org/blog/apache-and-x-forwarded-for-headers/>

## LOADBALANCER.ORG TECHNICAL SUPPORT

If you have any questions regarding the appliance or would like assistance designing your deployment, please don't hesitate to contact our support team: [support@loadbalancer.org](mailto:support@loadbalancer.org).