Load Balancing Xerox Print Servers

Version 1.3.0
# Table of Contents

1. About this Guide ......................................................... 3  
2. Loadbalancer.org Appliances Supported ......................................................... 3  
3. Software Versions Supported  
   3.1. Loadbalancer.org Appliance ......................................................... 3  
   3.2. Xerox Print Server ......................................................... 3  
4. Xerox Print Servers ......................................................... 3  
5. Load Balancing Xerox Print Servers  
   5.1. Introduction and Overview of Different Modes ......................................................... 3  
   5.2. Overview of Steps Required ......................................................... 4  
6. Appliance Configuration for Xerox Print Servers – Using DR Mode ......................................................... 4  
   6.1. Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP) ......................................................... 4  
   6.2. Defining the Real Servers (RIPs) ......................................................... 5  
7. Appliance Configuration for Xerox Print Servers – Using SNAT Mode ......................................................... 6  
   7.1. Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP) ......................................................... 6  
   7.2. Defining the Real Servers (RIPs) ......................................................... 6  
8. Configuring Xerox Print Servers for Load Balancing ......................................................... 7  
   8.1. Registry Modifications ......................................................... 7  
      Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Specific Registry Change ......................................................... 8  
   8.2. Configuring Name Resolution ......................................................... 8  
   8.3. Finalizing the Server Configuration ......................................................... 8  
9. Testing & Verification ......................................................... 8  
10. Technical Support ......................................................... 9  
11. Further Documentation ......................................................... 9  
12. Appendix ......................................................... 10  
   12.1. Solving the ARP Problem ......................................................... 10  
      Windows Server 2012 & Later ......................................................... 10  
   12.2. Sending Print Jobs from the Command Line (Microsoft Windows) ......................................................... 15  
13. Document Revision History ......................................................... 16
1. About this Guide

This guide details the steps required to configure a load balanced Xerox printer server environment utilizing Loadbalancer.org appliances. It covers the configuration of the load balancers and also any Xerox printer server configuration changes that are required to enable load balancing.

For more information about initial appliance deployment, network configuration and using the Web User Interface (WebUI), please also refer to the Administration Manual.

2. Loadbalancer.org Appliances Supported

All our products can be used for load balancing Xerox print servers. For full specifications of available models please refer to https://www.loadbalancer.org/products. Some features may not be supported in all cloud platforms due to platform specific limitations, please check with Loadbalancer.org support for further details.

3. Software Versions Supported

3.1. Loadbalancer.org Appliance

- V8.3.8 and later

Note: The screenshots used throughout this document aim to track the latest Loadbalancer.org software version. If using an older software version, note that the screenshots presented here may not match the WebUI exactly.

3.2. Xerox Print Server

- All versions

4. Xerox Print Servers

Xerox print servers provide a flexible and high performance front-end for printing hardware, such as printers and presses. From a common workflow, users have the power to manage print jobs, queues, and resources across varied printer environments. Colour management, secure printing, and more can be handled from a drag-and-drop graphical interface.

Third party print management solutions can be load balanced when used with Xerox print servers. For Nuance Equitrac print management software, please refer to the associated Load Balancing Nuance Equitrac deployment guide.

5. Load Balancing Xerox Print Servers

5.1. Introduction and Overview of Different Modes

This guide details the configuration of a load balanced Xerox print server deployment.

For load balancing print servers, the preferred and default load balancer configuration uses Layer 4 DR Mode.
(Direct Routing, aka DSR / Direct Server Return). This is a very high performance solution that requires little change to your existing infrastructure. It is necessary to solve “the ARP problem” on the real print servers. This is a straightforward process, and is covered in the section Configuring Xerox Print Servers for Load Balancing.

It is also possible to load balance a Xerox print server deployment using Layer 7 SNAT Mode. This mode might be preferable if making changes to the real print servers is not possible, although some Windows Registry keys need to be added. Due to the increased amount of information at layer 7, performance is not as fast as at layer 4. Also note that load balanced connections at layer 7 are not source IP transparent, which is not usually an issue when load balancing print servers but should still be considered.

5.2. Overview of Steps Required

Setting up a load balanced Xerox print server environment can be summarised as follows:

- Create a virtual service (VIP) on the load balancer that listens on the required ports
- Associate the print servers to the virtual service, i.e. define them as ‘real servers’ (RIPs) for the VIP
- Install and configure the Xerox print servers
- Configure registry settings on the print servers to enable them to be accessed via a shared name
- Configure DNS name resolution
- Point users at the VIP to access the print server and the printer shares

6. Appliance Configuration for Xerox Print Servers – Using DR Mode

6.1. Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP)

1. Using the web user interface, navigate to Cluster Configuration > Layer 4 – Virtual Services and click on Add a new Virtual Service.
2. Define the Label for the virtual service as required, e.g. XeroxPrintService.
3. Set the Virtual Service IP Address field to the required IP address, e.g. 10.10.10.190.
5. Click Update to create the virtual service.
6. Click **Modify** next to the newly created VIP.

7. Make sure that the **Persistent** checkbox is not selected.

8. Set the **Check Port** for server/service online to **445**.

9. Click **Update**.

---

**Layer 4 – Modify Virtual Service**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Label</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
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<td>10.10.10.190</td>
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<td>Forwarding Method</td>
<td>Direct Routine</td>
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<td>Weighted Least Connection</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health Checks</td>
<td>Connect to port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Check Port</td>
<td>445</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Feedback Method</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

6.2. **Defining the Real Servers (RIPs)**

1. Using the web user interface, navigate to **Cluster Configuration > Layer 4 – Real Servers** and click on **Add a new Real Server** next to the newly created VIP.

2. Define the **Label** for the real server as required, e.g. **PrintServer1**.

3. Set the **Real Server IP Address** field to the required IP address, e.g. **10.10.10.200**.

4. Click **Update**.

5. Repeat these steps to add additional print servers as required.
7. Appliance Configuration for Xerox Print Servers – Using SNAT Mode

7.1. Configuring the Virtual Service (VIP)
1. Using the web user interface, navigate to **Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 – Virtual Services** and click on **Add a new Virtual Service**.
2. Define the **Label** for the virtual service as required, e.g. **XeroxPrintService**.
3. Set the **Virtual Service IP Address** field to the required IP address, e.g. **10.10.10.190**.
4. Set the **Ports** to **445**.
5. Set the **Layer 7 Protocol** to **TCP Mode**.
6. Click **Update**.

7.2. Defining the Real Servers (RIPs)
1. Using the web user interface, navigate to **Cluster Configuration > Layer 7 – Real Servers** and click on **Add a new Real Server** next to the newly created VIP.
2. Define the Label for the real server as required, e.g. PrintServer1.

3. Set the Real Server IP Address field to the required IP address, e.g. 10.10.10.200.

4. Set the Real Server Port field to 445.

5. Click Update.

6. Repeat these steps to add additional print servers as required.

7. Click on Reload HAProxy when prompted to do so in the “Commit changes” box that appears. This will apply the new changes and put the new virtual service and its associated virtual servers into use.

8. Configuring Xerox Print Servers for Load Balancing

The following steps should be carried out on each Xerox print server defined in the virtual service:

1. Join the server to the same domain as the client PCs.

2. Install the Print and Document Service role / Print Server service.

3. Install and share the printers (use exactly the same share names and permissions across all servers).

4. If DR mode is used, solve the ‘ARP problem’ on each print server, so that DR mode will work. For detailed steps on solving the ARP problem for the various versions of Windows, please refer to Solving the ARP Problem for more information.

8.1. Registry Modifications

To enable the print servers to be accessed via a shared name (XeroxPrintService in the example virtual service in this guide), add the following registry entries to each print server:

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Key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Lsa
Value: DisableLoopbackCheck
Type: REG_DWORD
Data: 1

Key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\lanmanserver\parameters
Value: DisableStrictNameChecking
Type: REG_DWORD
Data: 1

Key: HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Services\lanmanserver\parameters
Value: OptionalNames
Type: REG_MULTI_SZ
Data: XeroxPrintService

In the example presented here, XeroxPrintService is the name that will be used to access the load balanced print servers via the virtual service (VIP) created on the load balancer. This can be set to any appropriate name. Whatever name is used, it must resolve to the IP address of the VIP as explained in the section below.

Microsoft Windows Server 2008 Specific Registry Change
If Microsoft Windows Server 2008 is used as the operating system for the printer servers, an additional registry entry change is required. The following registry entry should be changed from a DWORD to a QWORD:

Key: HKLM\SYSTEM\CurrentControlSet\Control\Print\DNSOneWire
Value: DnsOnWire
Type: REG_QWORD
Data: 1

8.2. Configuring Name Resolution
For printer load balancing to work, DNS name resolution should be configured. A host name and corresponding "Host (A)" record for the virtual service should be created, and should match the virtual IP (VIP) address defined on the load balancer.

In the example presented here, XeroxPrintService would resolve to 10.10.10.190.

8.3. Finalizing the Server Configuration
To finalize the print server configuration changes, each print server must be rebooted.

9. Testing & Verification

Note: For additional guidance on diagnosing and resolving any issues you may have, please also refer to Diagnostics & Troubleshooting.
The load balanced print service can be tested, either by browsing to the virtual service IP address or the share name. In the example presented in this document, this would be done by going to

```\10.10.10.190```

or

```\XeroxPrintService```

Any shared printers and shared folders that have been configured on the real print servers should be visible.

10. Technical Support

For more details about configuring the appliance and assistance with designing your deployment please don’t hesitate to contact the support team using the following email address: support@loadbalancer.org.

11. Further Documentation

For additional information, please refer to the Administration Manual.
12. Appendix

12.1. Solving the ARP Problem

When using Layer 4 DR mode, the ARP problem must be solved. This involves configuring each Real Server to be able to receive traffic destined for the VIP, and ensuring that each Real Server does not respond to ARP requests for the VIP address – only the load balancer should do this. The steps below are for Windows 2012 & later.

Windows Server 2012 & Later

Windows Server 2012 and later support Direct Routing (DR) mode through the use of the Microsoft Loopback Adapter that must be installed and configured on each load balanced (Real) Server. The IP address configured on the Loopback Adapter must be the same as the Virtual Service (VIP) address.

Note

If a Real Server is included in multiple DR mode VIPs, IP addresses for each VIP must be added to the Loopback Adapter.

In addition, steps must be taken to set the strong/weak host behavior on each Real Server. This is used to either prevent or allow interfaces to receive packets destined for a different interface on the same server.

Important

The following 3 steps must be completed on each Real Server.

Step 1 of 3: Install the Microsoft Loopback Adapter

1. Click Start, then run hdwwiz to start the Hardware Installation Wizard.

2. Once the Wizard has started, click Next.

3. Select Install the hardware that I manually select from a list (Advanced), click Next.

4. Select Network adapters, click Next.
5. Select Microsoft & Microsoft KM-Test Loopback Adapter, click Next.

6. Click Next to start the installation, when complete click Finish.

Step 2 of 3: Configure the Loopback Adapter

1. Open Control Panel and click Network and Sharing Center.

2. Click Change adapter settings.

3. Right-click the new Loopback Adapter and select Properties.

**Note** You can configure IPv4 or IPv6 addresses or both depending on your requirements.

**Important** when configuring the loopback adapter properties, make sure that Client for Microsoft Networks and File & Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks is also checked as shown below.

**IPv4 Addresses**

1. Uncheck all items except Client for Microsoft Networks, File & Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks and Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) as shown below:
2. Ensure that Internet Protocol Version (TCP/IPv4) is selected, click Properties and configure the IP address to be the same as the Virtual Service address (VIP) with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.255, e.g. 192.168.2.20/255.255.255.255 as shown below:

3. Click OK then click Close to save and apply the new settings.

**Note** 192.168.2.20 is an example, make sure you specify the correct VIP address.
IPv6 Addresses

1. Uncheck all items except Client for Microsoft Networks, File & Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks and Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) as shown below:

![IPv6 Addresses Image]

2. Ensure that Internet Protocol Version (TCP/IPv6) is selected, click Properties and configure the IP address to be the same as the Virtual Service (VIP) and set the Subnet Prefix Length to be the same as your network setting, e.g. 2001:470:1f09:e72::15/64 as shown below:

![IPv6 Configuration Image]
3. Click **OK** then click **Close** to save and apply the new settings.

**Step 3 of 3: Configure the strong/weak host behavior**

Either Network Shell (**netsh**) commands or PowerShell cmdlets can be used to set the required strong/weak host behavior.

The commands in this section assume that the LAN Adapter is named `"net"` and the Loopback Adapter is named `"loopback"` as shown in the example below:

![Network Connections](image)

Either adjust the commands to use the names allocated to your LAN and loopback adapters, or rename the adapters before running the commands. Names are case sensitive so make sure that the interface names used in the commands match the adapter names exactly.

**Option 1 - Using Network Shell (**netsh**) Commands**

To configure the correct strong/weak host behavior run the following commands:

For IPv4 addresses:

```
netsh interface ipv4 set interface "net" weakhostreceive=enabled
netsh interface ipv4 set interface "loopback" weakhostreceive=enabled
netsh interface ipv4 set interface "loopback" weakhostsend=enabled
```

For IPv6 addresses:

```
netsh interface ipv6 set interface "net" weakhostreceive=enabled
netsh interface ipv6 set interface "loopback" weakhostreceive=enabled
netsh interface ipv6 set interface "loopback" weakhostsend=enabled
netsh interface ipv6 set interface "loopback" dadtransmits=0
```

**Option 2 - Using PowerShell Cmdlets**

For IPv4 addresses:

```
Set-NetIpInterface -InterfaceAlias loopback -WeakHostReceive enabled -WeakHostSend enabled
```

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12.2. Sending Print Jobs from the Command Line (Microsoft Windows)

When using a load balanced print service, it is still possible to send print jobs from the command line using the lpr command.

An example of such a command:

```
lpr -S 192.168.81.150 -P KONICA -ol c:\test.txt
```

- **lpr** = Line Printer Remote / Line Printer Daemon protocol
- **-S** = name or IP address of the host providing the lpd (Line Printer Daemon) service
- **-P** = name of printer queue
- **-ol** = indication of file type (binary file)

At the end of the command is the path of the file to print.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Version</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Change</th>
<th>Reason for Change</th>
<th>Changed By</th>
</tr>
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<td>21 March 2018</td>
<td>Initial version</td>
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<td>AH</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 1.0.1   | 13 November 2018| Changed the IP address of the example layer 4 DR mode real server so that it is in the same subnet as the VIP, to match the majority of normal deployments  
Added instruction to define the real server port at layer 7, as this is best practice | Required updates                   | AH         |
| 1.0.2   | 6 December 2018 | Added the new "Company Contact Information" page                       | Required updates                   | AH         |
| 1.1.0   | 6 August 2019   | Styling and layout                                                     | General styling updates             | RJC        |
| 1.1.1   | 20 May 2020     | New title page  
Updated Canadian contact details                                     | Branding update                    | AH         |
| 1.2.0   | 1 November 2021 | Converted the document to AsciiDoc                                     | Move to new documentation system    | AH, RJC, ZAC |
| 1.2.1   | 28 September 2022| Updated layer 7 VIP and RIP creation screenshots                        | Reflect changes in the web user interface | AH         |
| 1.2.2   | 5 January 2023  | Combined software version information into one section  
Added one level of section numbering  
Reworded 'Further Documentation' section  
Removed references to the colour of certain UI elements | Housekeeping across all documentation | AH         |
| 1.2.3   | 2 February 2023 | Updated screenshots                                                     | Branding update                     | AH         |
| 1.2.4   | 7 March 2023    | Removed conclusion section                                             | Updates across all documentation    | AH         |
| 1.3.0   | 24 March 2023   | New document theme                                                     | Branding update                     | AH         |
About Loadbalancer.org

Loadbalancer.org’s mission is to ensure that its clients’ businesses are never interrupted. The load balancer experts ask the right questions to get to the heart of what matters, bringing a depth of understanding to each deployment. Experience enables Loadbalancer.org engineers to design less complex, unbreakable solutions - and to provide exceptional personalized support.